

DANGEROUS POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



RABBIT[®]

1080 Oat Bait

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 0.4 g/kg (0.04%) SODIUM FLUOROACETATE (1080)

For the control of rabbits

RESTRICTED CHEMICAL PRODUCT - ONLY TO BE SUPPLIED TO OR USED BY AN AUTHORISED PERSON

NET CONTENTS: 10 kg

ANIMAL CONTROL TECHNOLOGIES (AUST) Pty Ltd 46-50 Freight Drive SOMERTON VICTORIA 3062 AUSTRALIA

Emergency Telephone Contact (03) 9308 9688

BATCH:

GRAIN BATCH:

DOM:

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: NSW, SA, VIC, TAS, WA only.

THIS PRODUCT MUST BE USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LABEL INSTRUCTIONS AND RELEVANT STATE/TERRITORY DOCUMENTATION.

Refer to www.animalcontrol.com.au for an electronic version of your State or Territory documents.

A person laying RABBAIT™ 1080 Oat Bait by trail baiting must take reasonable steps to ensure that the bait is placed in or adjacent to furrows that are not more than 10cm deep and not more than 20cm wide.

Before applying RABBAIT™ 1080 Oat Bait it is recommended that at least two (preferably 3) un-poisoned free feeds are offered in the baiting area at intervals of at least 3 days. This allows rabbits to become accustomed to eating oats and helps the user to correctly estimate the required quantities of bait. Typical free feed applications rates are 3-6kg/km of trail.

The amount of poisoned RABBAIT™ 1080 Oat Bait required per kilometre of trail will vary depending on local rabbit density and the amount of free feeding. Typical rates of application are in the range of 1.5-3kg of poisoned bait per km of trail. Bait at approximately 80% of free feed bait uptake level.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED BY APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT TO BE USED IN DOMESTIC OR HOME GARDEN SITUATIONS.

NEIGHBOUR NOTIFICATION: Neighbours must be notified to allow them to take appropriate action. The notification must advise that steps (e.g. restraint, muzzling) need to be taken to ensure that domestic dogs do not gain access to 1080 baits or poisoned animals. The notification must specify the dates between which baiting will occur. This notification should be in writing and should be given to all adjoining landholders at least 72 hours in advance except where alternative communication arrangements have been made that meet State/Territory requirements and overall safety criteria. A record of the notifications must be kept. Baiting must commence within ten days of notification or else another three days notice of intent to lay baits is required.

SIGNAGE: Signage is compulsory for all lands where baiting occurs. Do not lay baits until signage is in place. Signage must include – date baits laid, contact numbers, toxin name, target animal and a warning that domestic animals and pets can be affected. The landholder must put up notices immediately before 1080 poisoning operations start on the property. These notices must remain up for at least 4 weeks, and must be placed according to the requirements specified by State/Territory.

DISTANCE RESTRICTIONS: Baits must be placed at least 150m from a dwelling; 20m from permanent or flowing water bodies; 5m from boundary fences; and 5m from the edge of formed public roadways; or as specified by State/Territory.

PRECAUTIONS:

Do not apply baits to, or in, crops which are in mid to late developmental stages.
Do not apply baits to, or in, crops if contamination of produce is likely to occur.

PROTECTION OF DOMESTIC AND FARM DOGS: Steps (e.g. restraint, muzzling) need to be taken to ensure that domestic dogs do not gain access to 1080 baits or poisoned animals.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEA AND ENVIRONMENT: Do not contaminate dams, rivers, streams, waterways or drains with the product or used containers. This product may be toxic to some birds and other native wildlife. Baits should not be laid at times when, or in locations where, birds or other non-target wildlife are likely to be harmed by them. In Tasmania, avoid baiting in areas likely to contain isolated populations of bettongs or potoroos.

To the extent possible, untaken baits should be recovered at the end of a baiting campaign. Animal carcasses should be recovered during and for 14 days after a baiting campaign. Untaken baits and animal carcasses should be destroyed by burning or burial according to the requirements of the State or Territory in which use has occurred.

Do not feed baits to non-target animals including birds.

Any incidents where it is suspected that non-target animals may have been poisoned by 1080 should be notified to State authorities.

STORAGE, TRANSPORTATION AND DISPOSAL: Only authorised personnel can have access to baits. Baits must be transported and stored in such a way that unauthorised personnel cannot have access to baits. Private landholders must not store baits after a baiting campaign is complete. Do not store the bait in a position accessible to children, livestock or domestic pets. The pesticide is only to be kept or stored in the container, and bearing the label, as supplied by the manufacturer. Do not allow baits to contaminate foodstuffs, or feed, for human or non-target animal consumption.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse containers before disposal. Break, crush or puncture and dispose of empty rinsed containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 0.5 m in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Containers which have held product are not to be used for any other purpose and must be disposed of by burning or deep burial.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS: Very dangerous. Poisonous if swallowed. When opening the container and using baits wear elbow-length PVC gloves. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each days use wash gloves and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID: Speed in treatment is essential. If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (phone: 13 11 26). If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly. Remove from the contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

MSDS: Refer to Material Safety Data Sheet for further information.

CONDITIONS OF SALE and DISCLAIMER:

Animal Control Technologies Pty Ltd (ACTA) will not accept responsibility for losses or damage arising from the supply or use of these goods other than the responsibility for the merchantable quality of the goods. To the extent allowed by the relevant laws in each State, the liability of ACTA is limited to the replacement of goods in the event that a valid claim of deficiencies in merchantable quality is proven.

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